



Inclusive Data Charter monitoring form - guidance

Please note the following:

- This is a voluntary exercise but it would be great if **every** IDC Champion could complete the form in as much detail as you can. Some IDC Champions have only recently launched their action plan/or are in the process of finalising/revising theirs but it is important and useful if we have baseline data on all Champions (even if this might be brief). This will enable us to really track progress year on year.
- You do not need to report against every Principle (if there are some) that do not link to actions in your action plan. In this case, please just put N/A in the free text box next to the Principle.
- To mark the 1 year anniversary of the launch of the IDC, we hope to develop a range of materials (including some case studies; a summary of actions; and social media activity) to showcase the progress that has been made by Champions and the impact of the IDC. This will be put together using the information you include on the form. The more detail you are able to include the better. Please write the content as clearly as possible and ensure you explain any acronyms or organisation/country/sector specific terms.
- Please attach any supplementary documents (articles/reports/guidance/training material/social media coverage) or links you have that support the content of the form.
- If you have progress to share around actions (not in your IDC action plan but contributing to strengthening data disaggregation as we work towards the SDGs), please detail this in **Section 4 – Additional comments about progress.**

INCLUSIVE DATA CHARTER INITIATIVE (ANNUAL MONITORING) 2019

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| Name of IDC Champion: | National Administrative Department of Statistics of Colombia (DANE – Colombia). |
| Date that your IDC action plan was published: | PENDIENTE DE INCLUIR |
| Date of submission of this monitoring form: | 13/06/2019 |
| Name of person responsible for completing your IDC monitoring form: | KAREN LIZETH CHAVEZ – KAREN ANDREA GARCÍA |

Before you complete this form, please refer to the guidance above. Please return the form to Linsey (lwinter@sightsavers.org) by Friday 14 June.

1. PROGRESS - THE FIVE IDC PRINCIPLES

SCORE 1. No Progress; 2. Some Progress; 3. On Track to Deliver; 4. Delivering a little faster than plan; 5. Delivering much faster than plan

| | | SCORE | ACTION PLAN PROGRESS (NARRATIVE). Please describe key achievements in the past year or since you signed up to the Charter (in relation to each principle) and justify your scoring. This should link to actions in your IDC action plan. Please attach any supporting documents. |
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| 1.1 | Principle One - All populations must be included in the data. | 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> The establishment of the Differential and Intersectional Approach Group (GEDI by its acronym in Spanish) on March of 2019 intended to include the IDC principles in DANE's strategic vision. The results of the most recent population and housing Census will be published on late July. These results had an expert review, including several international agencies. Other paramount statistics like GDP, multidimensional poverty, CPI, among others, have had methodological updates and reviews, in order to keep the principle one. The action plan includes the review of the information of census. |
| 1.2 | Principle Two - All data should, wherever possible, be disaggregated in order to accurately describe all populations. | 2 | Despite disability disaggregation has not been applied to all data produced by DANE, several data disaggregation have been analysed and some of them could be produced with the available information in DANE. |

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| | | | <p>On one hand, the SDGs Group in DANE has made a diagnostic to evaluate the data disaggregation in the national indicators that DANE reports in a country level. For instance, data disaggregation to a subnational level has been proposed for some SDGs indicators, in particular, for indicator 8.6.1. Proportion of youth (aged 15–24 years) not in education, employment or training.</p> <p>On the other hand, the Normalization, Standardization, Planning, Regulation Direction (DIRPEN, as its acronym in Spanish) has identified the required data disaggregation to fill-in information gaps in the National Statistical System (NSS). Our action plan remarks on the need to create awareness of this kind of disaggregation as well as our National Statistical Plan.</p> <p>On the same line, GEDI has defined four main approaches –gender, age-life cycle, ethnicity and disability - to leverage the availability of disaggregated data in appropriate conceptual terms.</p> |
| 1.3 | <p>Principle Three - Data should be drawn from all available sources.</p> | 4 | <p>Studies conducted to identify the possible sources of information for the gender observatory and any activities related to identify sources of information in the NSS. In this topic, DANE has survey sources to address main issues on gender economics such as the time use on non-remunerated activities and care economy, and the exploration of administrative records such as Integrated Social Security Contribution Register (PILA by its acronym in Spanish) to calculate gender labour gaps.</p> <p>Last year DANE produced with the support of Statistics Korea, the Protocol for statistics production based on the administrative records, a protocol based on GSBPM standard that order the actions to produce official statistics using administrative records. The DIRPEN has also been working in guidelines to use Big Data sources in DANE, either as a complementary source or as a primary one.</p> <p>Other internal directions in DANE have research in new sources of information e.g., the Geo-Statistics Direction (DIG, for its acronym in Spanish) has been working on usage of satellite images to calculate some SDGs indicators</p> |

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| | | | (indicators 9.1.1, 11.7.1. has been already calculated and some other are in a preliminary research stage to be calculated) . |
| 1.4 | Principle Four - Those responsible for the collection of data and production of statistics must be accountable. | 4 | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • GEDI and SDGs Groups are composed by interdisciplinary team works, in order to address accurately the subjects and disaggregation. • DANE has accurate plans and protocols for personal data protection. • The yearly actualization of the data for national SDGs indicators framework |
| 1.5 | Principle Five - Human and technical capacity to collect, analyze, and use disaggregated data must be improved, including through adequate and sustainable financing. | 3 | <p>The DIRPEN has created a data management working group (GIT Gestión de Datos), to analyse requirements to be fulfilled through the use of Big Data sources and methods (data analytics) for producing official statistics. However, still there is some work to do.</p> <p>GEDI and SDGs Group have interdisciplinary team works and financial sustainability in order to lead long lasting processes.</p> <p>GEDI and DIRPEN are constructing a Conceptual Guide to the NSS as a tool to include intersectionality in national statistical production.</p> |

2. PROGRESS – OUTCOMES, OUTREACH AND ENGAGEMENT

OUTCOMES, OUTREACH AND ENGAGEMENT PROGRESS (NARRATIVE). Please describe in detail what you have done in relation to each question (over the past year or since you signed up to the IDC). Please attach any supporting documents.

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| 2.1 | Has the progress described in your narrative response above (in section 1) brought about any change in policy; programmes; and/or practice? This could be internal or external. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> - Information produced by DANE on care economy has been fundamental to justify and inform the designing process of the National Care Public Policy. - The creation of GEDI and SDGs Group implies changes in DANE's value chain. For example, gender and disability approaches implies to sensitize data collectors processors and communicators to use an appropriate and respectful language. In the case of SDGs group, it implies the appropriation of 2030 Agenda in DANE. |
| 2.2 | Which of the following has signing up to the Inclusive Data Charter helped strengthen in your organisation in | <p>a) Data</p> <p>b) Skills</p> <p>All of them.</p> <p>a) Data: new questions in surveys to address gender issues.</p> <p>b) Skills: Constant training of team works.</p> |

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| | relation to data disaggregation? Select all that apply. | c) Knowledge d) Resources e) Other | c) Knowledge: There are processes of research and creation of new information. d) Resources: GEDI and SDGs Group have financial sustainability. |
| 2.3 | Have you collaborated with other IDC Champions in terms of the actions you have outlined above in the past year (in section 1)? If yes, then please name them and describe what you did. | <i>Not yet</i> | |
| 2.4 | Are there specific Champions you would like to collaborate with over the next year; and if yes, what on? | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • We must reiterate our idea to contact countries that could shed light in the definition of a subnational strategy to build statistical capacity in territories. • From the GEDI group, we are taking actions to contact countries that have solved system interoperation challenges to shed light in the definition of an information system on gender violence. | |
| 2.5 | Have you shared practice with other countries/organisations on the actions you outline in Section 1? If so, please name them and what you did. | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • DANE has participated in gender indicators and in particular in care economy events organized by INEGI in Mexico. | |
| 2.6 | Have you encouraged other countries/organisations to sign up to the Inclusive Data Charter? If yes, which were these? | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Not yet | |
| 3. CHALLENGES - IMPLEMENTING YOUR ACTION PLAN | | | |
| 3.1 | What, if any, have been the challenges with implementing your IDC action | | |

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| | <p>plan? How have you overcome these challenges?</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • The standardization of concepts and categories to disaggregate data. As mentioned above, GEDI and DIRPEN are constructing a Conceptual Guide to the NSS as a tool to include intersectionality in national statistical production. - More data disaggregation must be available to fulfil this principle and fulfil our own national commitments within the NSS. |
| 3.2 | <p>How can the IDC Secretariat support you over the next year?</p> | <ul style="list-style-type: none"> • Strategies to strength the statistical capacity at subnational levels. • Strategies to foster the cooperation for intersectional information systems such as gender violence information systems. • Financial and technical resources to sensitize data collection teams on differential approaches. • Financial and technical resources to make surveys with accurate methodologies to characterize sexual diverse population. |
| <p>4. ADDITIONAL COMMENTS ABOUT PROGRESS (NOT COVERED ABOVE) SINCE YOU SIGNED UP TO THE IDC</p> | | |
| <p>This section could be used to describe other actions you have completed/are completing since signing up to the Charter (not necessarily outlined in your IDC action plan).</p> | | |